

WORKER PERSONALITY TYPES AND RETIREMENT

Attitudes That Define Personality Types—Workers Ages 20-39

When it comes to planning and saving for retirement, workers ages 20–39 are close to average in many ways. However, they tend to be financial risk takers, and appear to be more compulsive spenders than the average worker: Planners (23 percent of all workers ages 20–39), Savers (12 percent), Strugglers (21 percent), Impulsives (30 percent), and Deniers (14 percent).

	Planners	Savers	Strugglers	Impulsives	Deniers			
	(Percentages saying statement describes them very well or well.)							
I always research and plan for a big purchase.	88%	93%	78%	74%	49%			
I think anyone can have a comfortable retirement, if they just								
plan and save.	90	59	88	86	36			
I am disciplined at saving.	89	83	76	34	13			
I enjoy financial planning.	79	56	77	41	17			
I pay off my credit cards at the end of every month.	77	63	71	12	28			
Over the long run, 10 to 20 years, I believe stocks								
in general will be a very good investment.	82	64	48	65	37			
I am willing to take substantial financial risk for substantial								
financial gain.	57	4	40	47	30			
I thought that if I just save(ed) some money each month, I								
will/would be fine in my retirement.	49	15	84	51	3			
I am more of a saver than an investor.	53	75	88	49	10			
Just when I think I have a handle on my finances, something								
always happens to set me back from my financial goals.	10	24	68	86	75			
I frequently spend money when I do not plan to buy anything.	20	7	49	53	45			
I am not willing to take any financial risks, no matter what the								
gain.	11	57	76	25	31			
I think preparing for retirement takes too much time and effort.	5	6	29	15	8			
It is pointless to plan for retirement because it is too far away								
to know what I will need.	5	4	51	27	34			
to know what i will need.	5	4	31	21	34			

Preparations for Retirement—Workers Ages 20-39

Workers ages 20–39 are less prepared than workers on average, but equally as confident. Compared with workers overall, a much smaller percentage expects the most important source of income in retirement to come from Social Security. Instead, younger workers anticipate their major source of income to derive from personal savings, such as money placed in a retirement fund—either at work or in an IRA or CD.

Workers and Retirees	Planners	Savers	Strugglers	Impulsives	Deniers
Very/somewhat confident will have enough money to take care of basic expenses in retirement.	97%	91%	89%	83%	68%
Very/somewhat confident are doing/did a good job preparing financially for retirement.	92	83	78	54	38
Very/somewhat confident will have enough money to live	0.4		00	0.5	0.0
comfortably throughout retirement years.	91	77	69	65	36
Have saved for retirement.	76	72	55	46	41
Workers Only					
Currently saving for retirement.	76	67	52	36	38
Think planning and saving for retirement are on track or					
ahead of schedule.	61	59	41	28	22
Have tried to figure out how much money they will need to	•				
have saved by the time they retire.	42	36	23	20	12
Expect that most important source of income will be		00	20	20	
personal savings.	71	57	43	56	50
Expect that most important source of income will be Social					-
Security.	1	6	13	8	7

Source: 2002 Retirement Confidence Survey – EBRI/ASEC/Greenwald.