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The 2nd Annual EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006: Early Experience With High-Deductible and Consumer-Driven Health Plans

Paul Fronstin, EBRI and Sara R. Collins, The Commonwealth Fund EBRI Policy Forum, Washington, D.C. December 7, 2006

Methodology

The EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006 was conducted online using Synovate's online sample of 1.5 million Internet users.

Eligibility: Americans ages 21 to 64 with private health insurance coverage.

Stratification:Gender, age, region, income, education, race/ethnicity.Final sample is nationally representative when weighted.

Weighting: The national sample is weighted by gender, age, region, income, education, race/ethnicity to reflect the actual proportions in the population.

Analysis Comprehensive insurance, HDHP, CDHP

Groups:

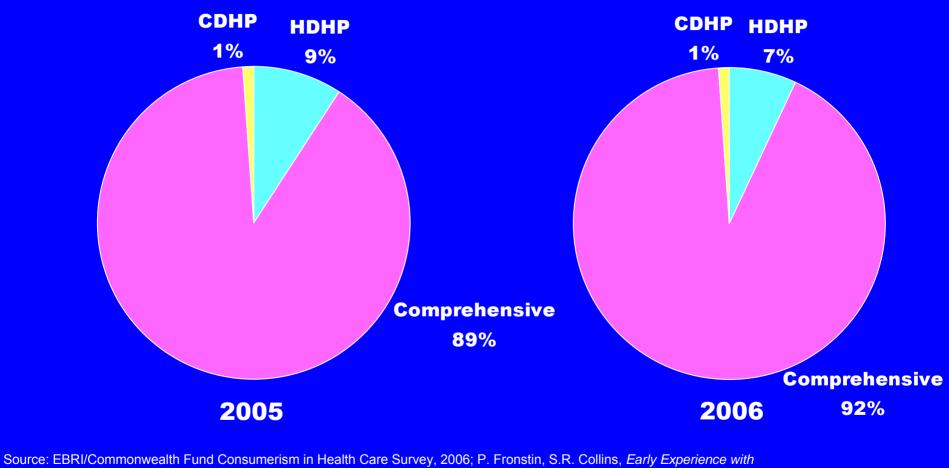
Sample Groups: **Total sample** N=3,158 National sample n=1,631 (1,506 Comprehensive, 104 HDHP, **21 CDHP**) **Oversample** n=1,527 (826 HDHP, 701 CDHP) **1.** Comprehensive n=1,506 (all from national sample) **2. HDHP sample** n=930 (104 – national, 826 – oversample) EBRI **3. CDHP sample n=722 (21 – national,** THE EMPLOYEE COMMONWEALTH BENEFIT 701 – oversample) FUND RESEARCH NSTITUTE®

Health Plan Definitions

- High-Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account
- Consumer-Driven Health Plan (CDHP) plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account
- Comprehensive Health Plan plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family)



Distribution of Individuals Covered by Private Health⁴ Insurance, by Type of Health Plan



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Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006; P. Fronstin, S.R. Collins, Early Experience with High-Deductible and Consumer-Driven Health Plans: Findings From the EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, EBRI Issue Brief, Dec. 2005.

Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family).

HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account.

CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account.

Note: Percentages may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

Selected Demographics, by Type of Health Plan

	Comprehensive	HDHP	CDHP
Gender			
Male	49%	49%	50%
Female	51	51	50
Age			
21–34	33	24*	24*
35–44	23	25	32*
45–54	26	29	28
55–64	18	22	16
Married	74	55*	61*
Has children	42	35*	44
Race/Ethnicity			
White, non-Hispanic	71	83*	81*
Minority	29	17*	19*

Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Household Income and Education, by Type of Health Plan

	Comprehensive	HDHP	CDHP
Household Income			
Less than \$30,000	12%	17%*	13%
\$30,000-\$49,999	20	30*	24
\$50,000-\$99,999	38	35	43
\$100,000 or more	21	8*	11*
Education			
High school graduate or less	38	17*	11*
Some college, trade or business school	29	36*	33*
College graduate or some graduate work	22	35*	41*
Graduate degree	11	12	15

Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006.

Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family).

HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account.

CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account.

*Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.



Self-Rated Health Status, by Type of Health Plan

	Comprehensive	HDHP	CDHP
Self-Rated Health Status			
Excellent/very good	54%	53%	60%*
Good	35	34	33
Fair/poor	12	13	7*
At least one chronic health condition**	49	50	43*
Health Problem***	51	53	44*
Obese	30	28	30
Smokes cigarettes	24	18*	14*
No regular exercise	25	25	19*

Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006.

Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family).

HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account.

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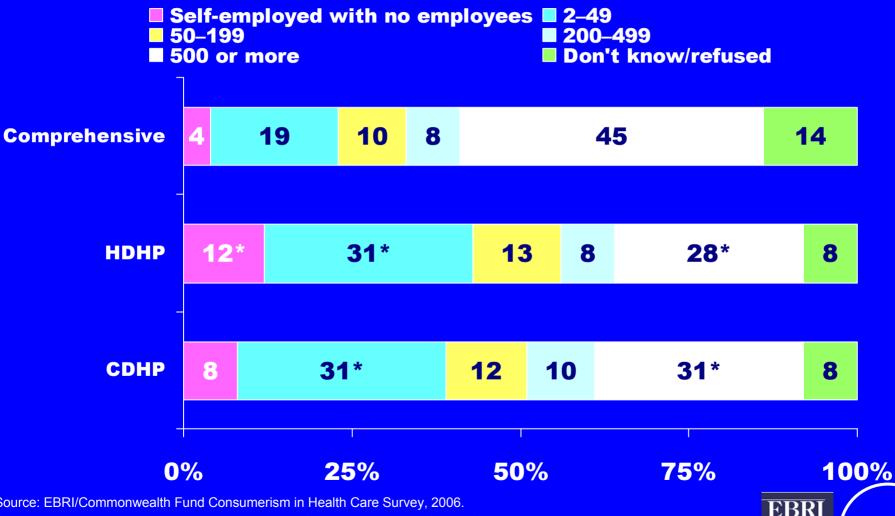
**Arthritis; asthma, emphysema or lung disease; cancer; depression; diabetes; heart attack or other heart disease; high cholesterol; or hypertension, high blood pressure or stroke.

***Health problem defined as fair or poor health or one of eight chronic health conditions.



Distribution of Privately Insured Adults, by Firm Size⁸

Percent of adults 21–64 who are employed full- or part-time or are self-employed/business owner



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Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006.

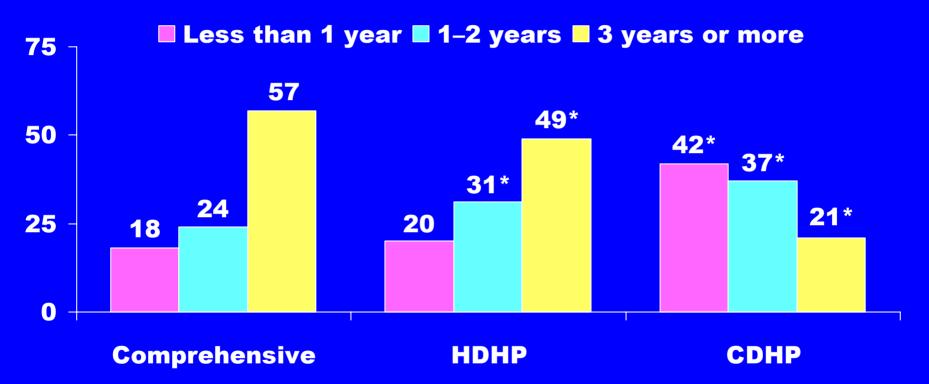
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Number of Years Covered by Current Health Plan, by Type of Health Plan

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64

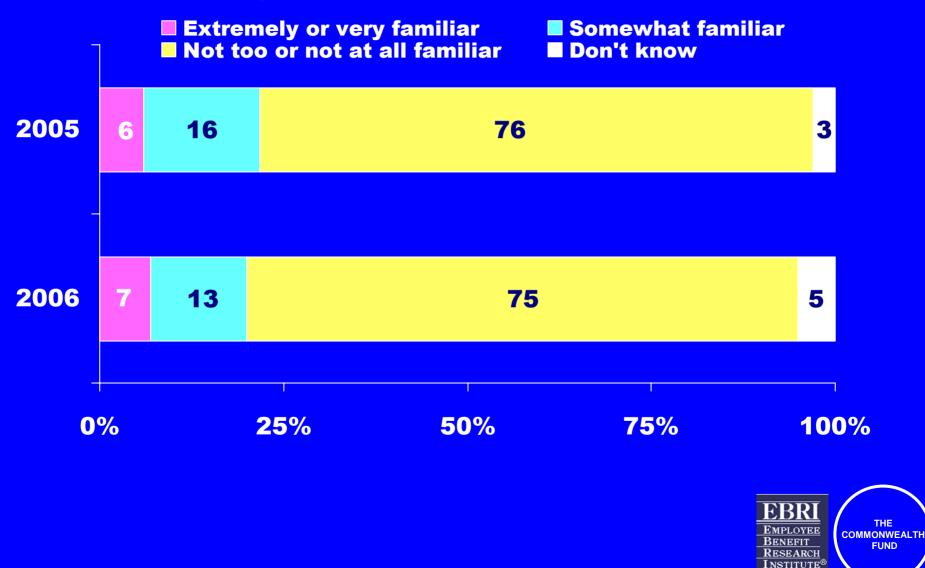


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Familiarity With Consumer-Driven Health Plans, 2005–2006

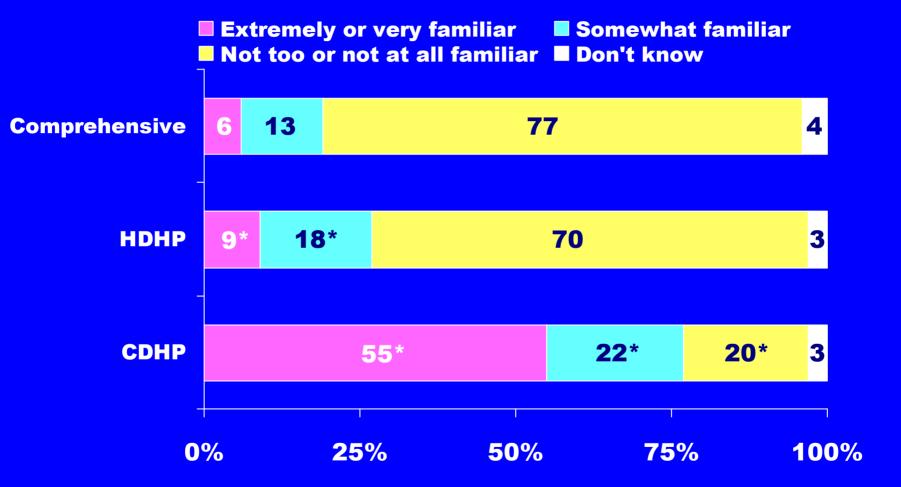
Percent of privately insured adults 21–64



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2005 and 2006.

Familiarity With Consumer-Driven Health Plans, 2006

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64

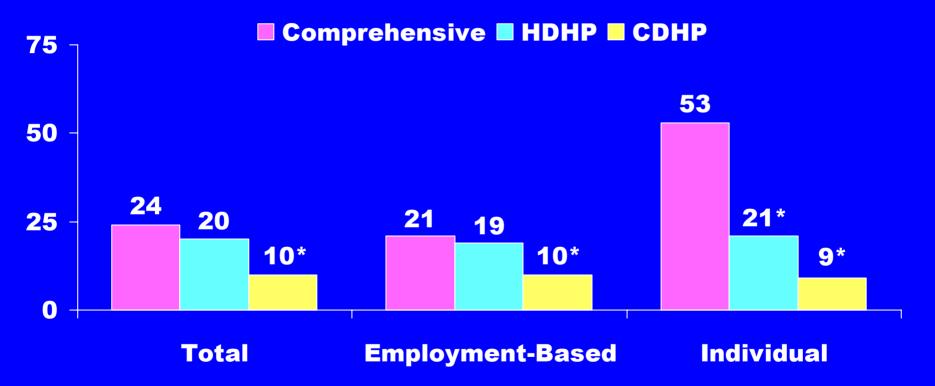


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Percent of Privately Insured Adults Who Did Not Have Health Insurance Before Enrolling in Their Current Plan, by Coverage Source

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64

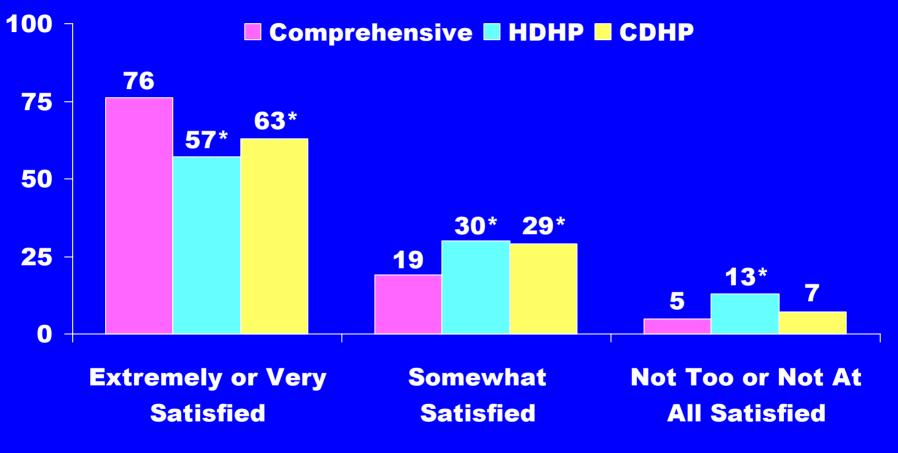


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Satisfaction With Quality of Health Care Received, ¹³ by Type of Health Plan

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Percent of Individuals Extremely or Very Satisfied With Quality of Health Care Received, by Type of Health Plan, 2005–2006

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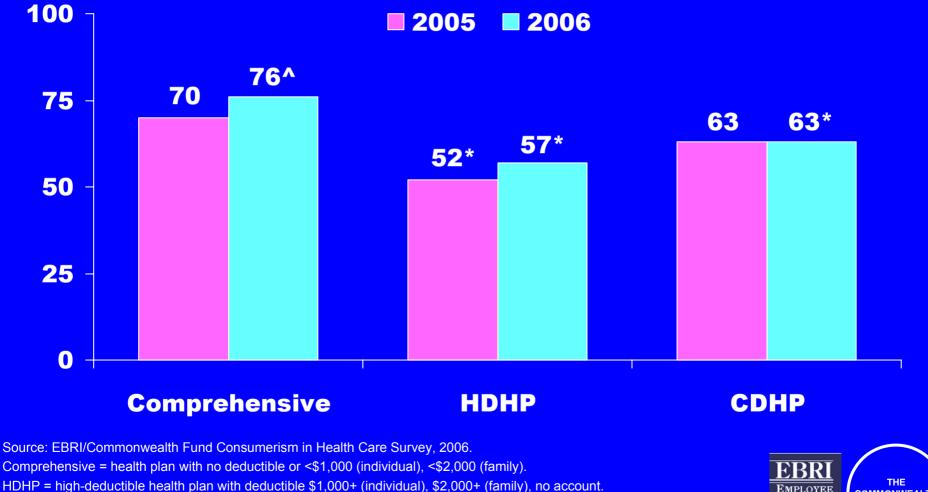
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Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 extremely/very satisfied

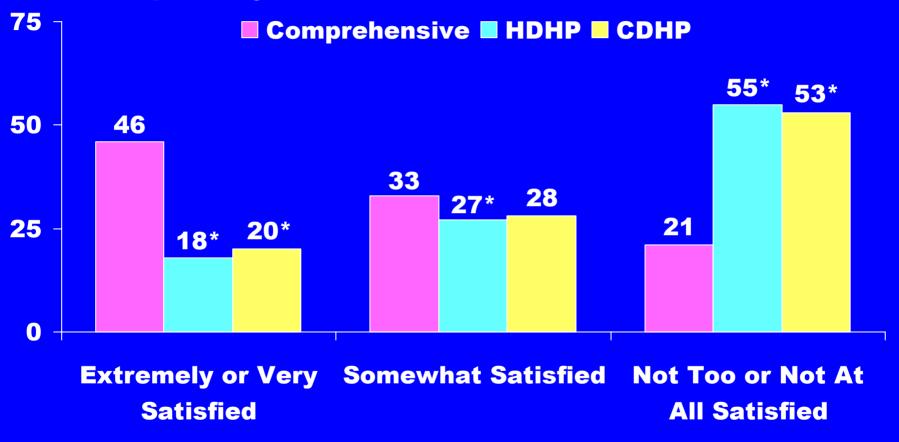


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^Difference between 2005 and 2006 is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

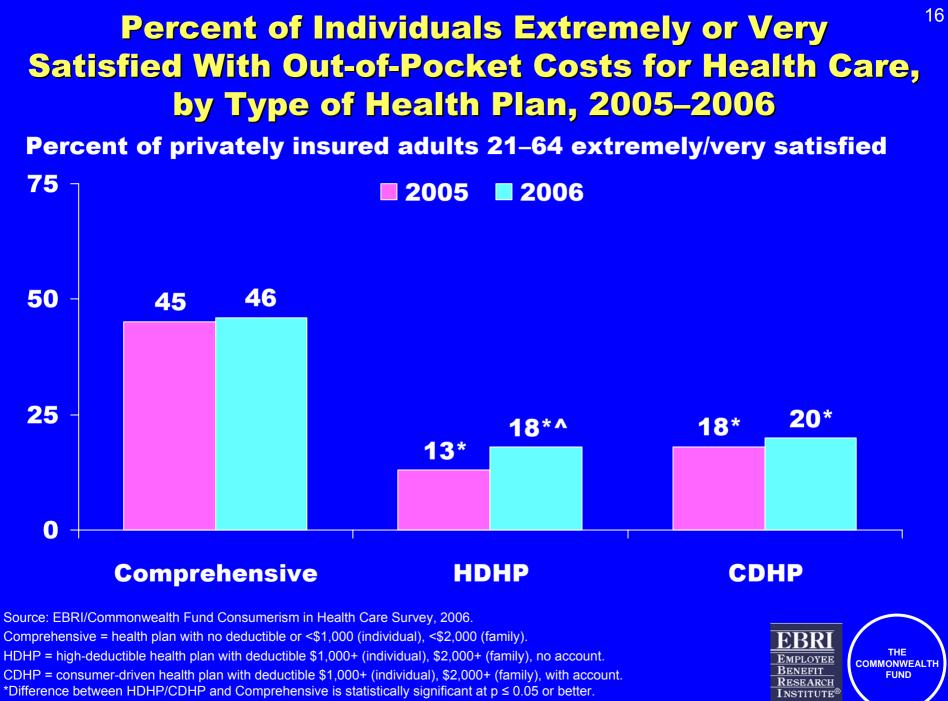
Satisfaction With Out-of-Pocket Costs for Health Care, by Type of Health Plan

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.

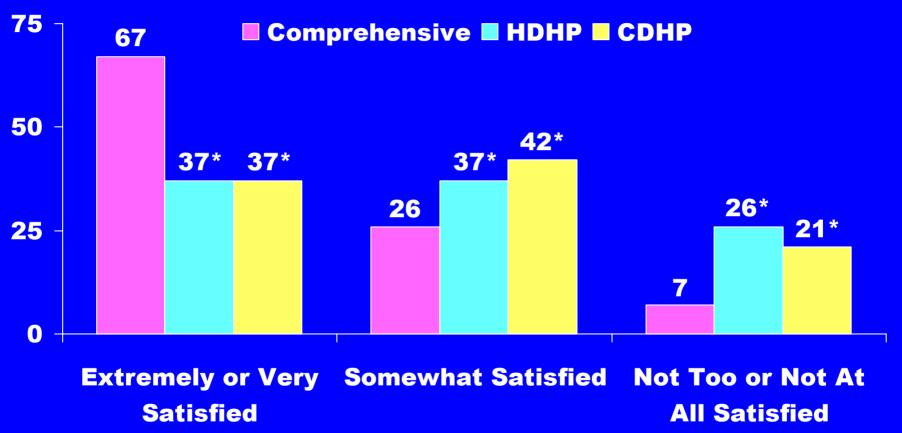




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Overall Satisfaction With Health Plan, by Type of Health Plan

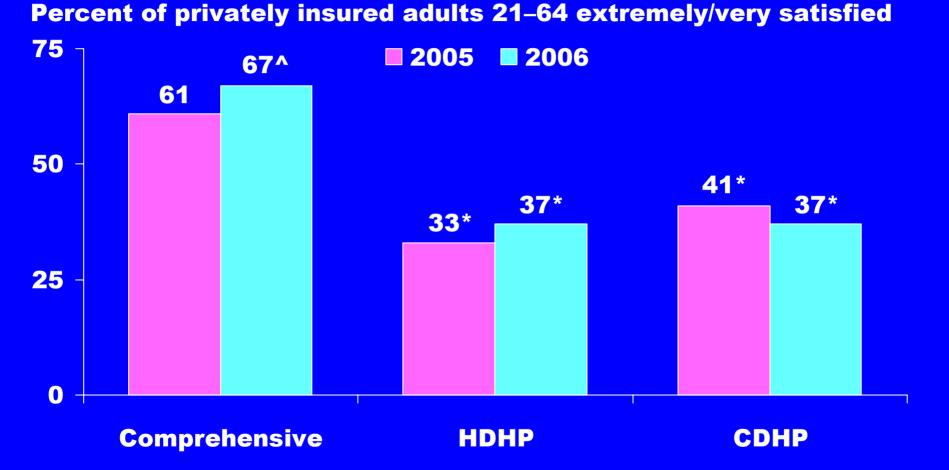
Percent of privately insured adults 21–64



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Percent of Individuals Extremely or Very Satisfied ¹⁸ With Health Plan, by Type of Health Plan, 2005–2006

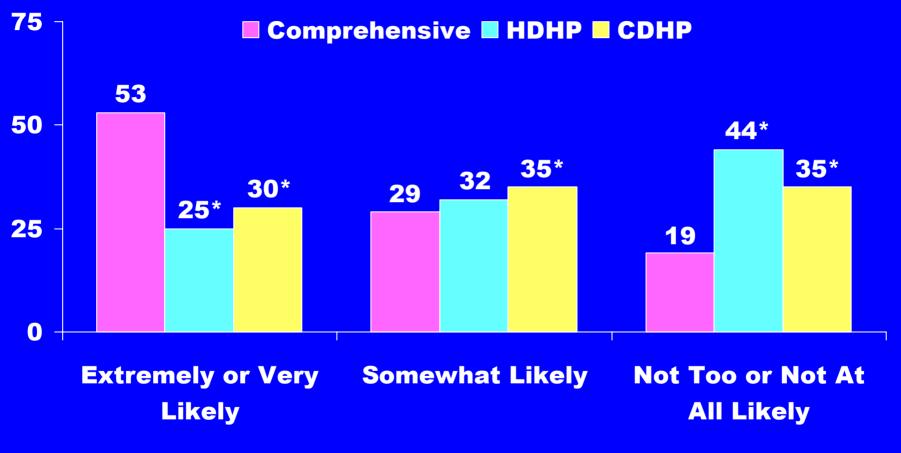


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or \$1,000 (individual), \$2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better. ^Difference between 2005 and 2006 is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Likelihood of Recommending Health Plan to Friend¹⁹ or Co-Worker, by Type of Health Plan

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64

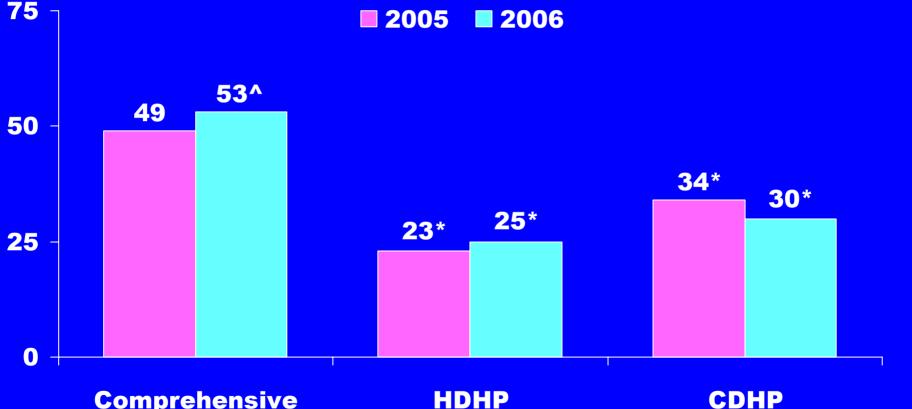


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20 **Percent of Individuals Extremely or Very Likely** to Recommend Health Plan to Friend or Co-Worker, by Type of Health Plan, 2005–2006

Percent of privately insured adults 21-64 extremely/very likely to recommend plan



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better. ^Difference between 2005 and 2006 is statistically significant at p < 0.05 or better.

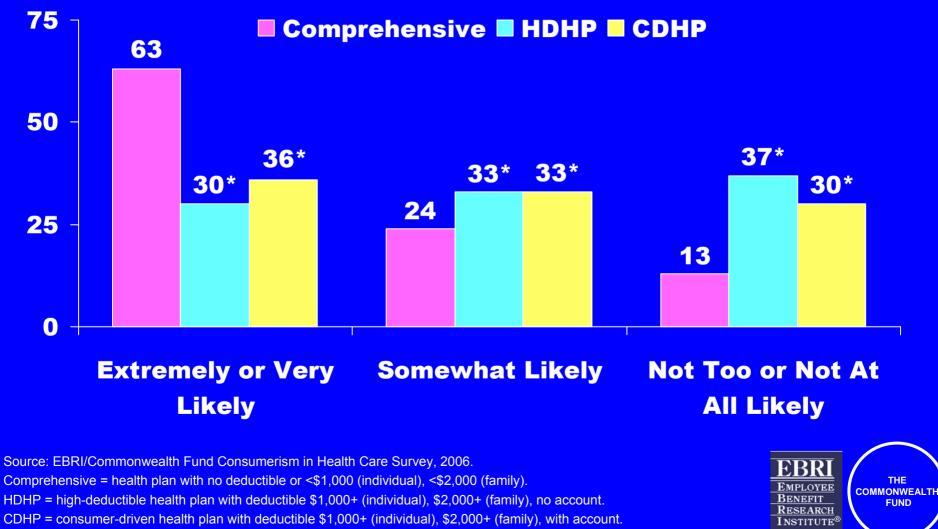
CDHP



Likelihood of Staying With Current Health Plan If Had the Opportunity to Change, by Type of Health Plan

21

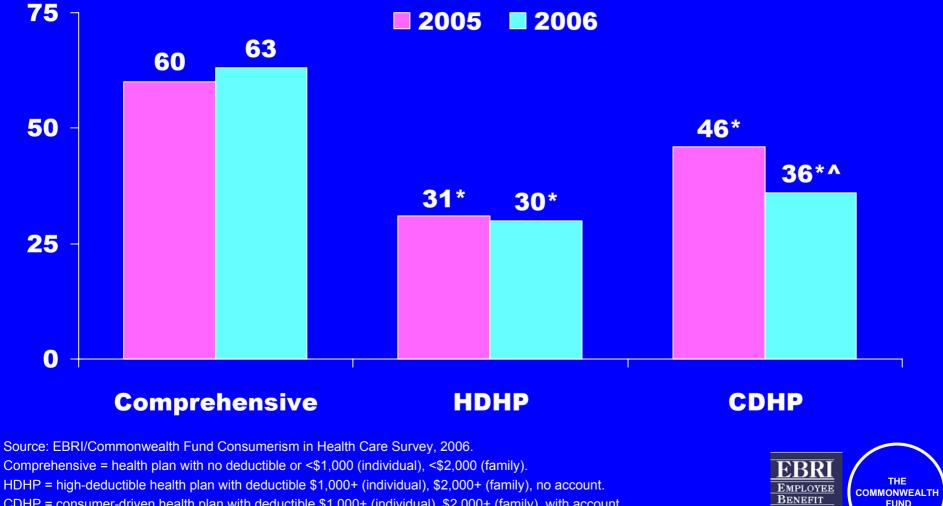
Percent of privately insured adults 21–64



*Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

Percent of Individuals Extremely or Very Likely to Stay ²² With Current Health Plan If Had the Opportunity to Change, by Type of Health Plan, 2005–2006

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 extremely/very likely to stay



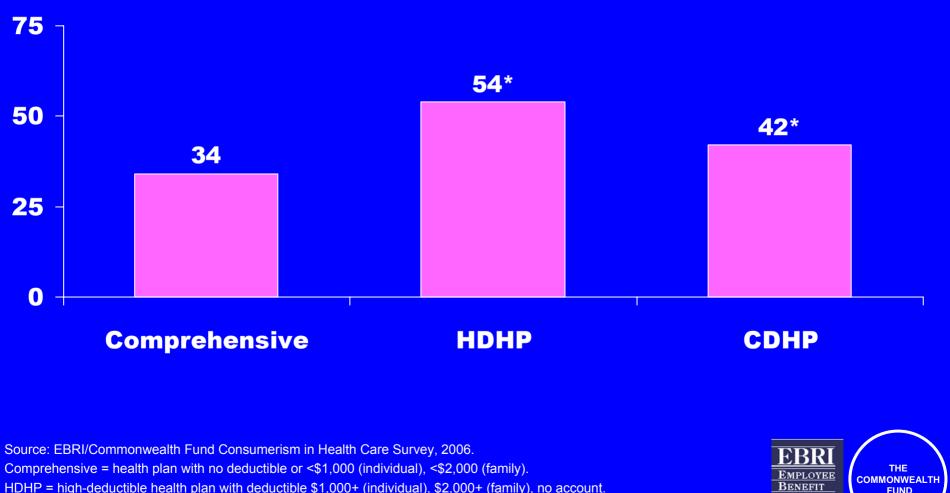
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CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better. ^Difference between 2005 and 2006 is statistically significant at p < 0.05 or better.

23 **Percent of Individuals Covered by Employment-Based Health Benefits With No Choice of Health Plan,** by Type of Health Plan

Percent of adults 21-64 with employer insurance with no plan choice



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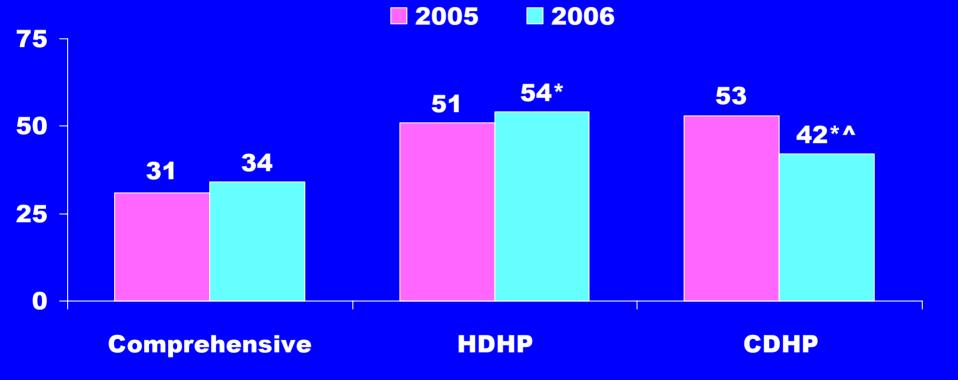
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CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

Percent of Individuals Covered by Employment-²⁴
Based Health Benefits With No Choice of Health Plan,
by Type of Health Plan, 2005–2006

Percent of adults 21–64 with employer insurance with no plan choice

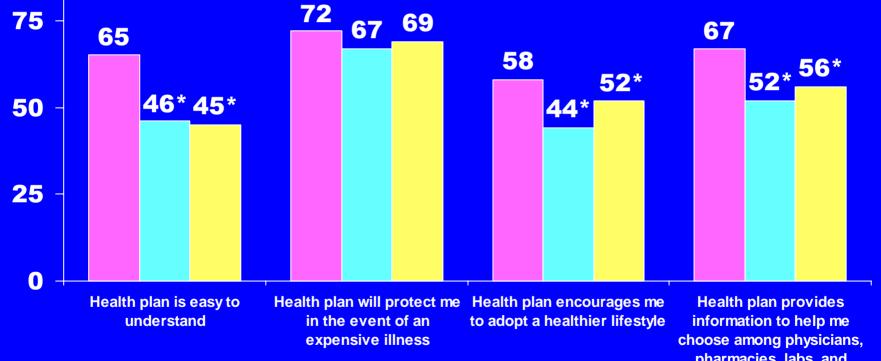


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better. *Difference between 2005 and 2006 is statistically significant at p < 0.05 or better.



25 **Agreement With Statements About Health Plan: Percent Reporting That They Strongly or Somewhat Agree, by Type of Health Plan**

Percent of privately insured adults 21-64 who strongly/somewhat agree 100 Comprehensive HDHP CDHP



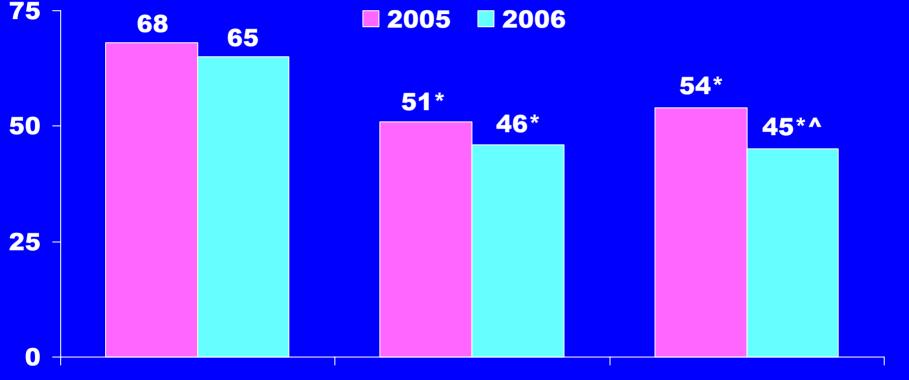
Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

pharmacies, labs, and hospitals



Percent of Individuals Reporting That They Strongly or Somewhat Agree That Health Plan is Easy to Understand, by Type of Health Plan, 2005–2006

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 who strongly/somewhat agree



Comprehensive

HDHP

CDHP



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006.

Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family).

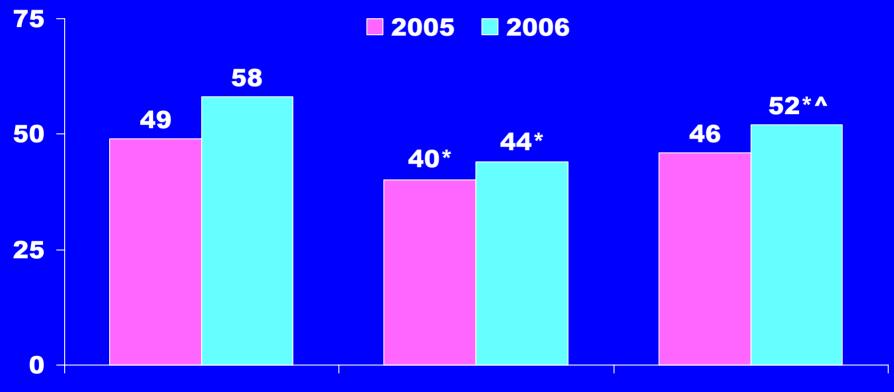
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^Difference between 2005 and 2006 is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

Percent of Individuals Reporting That They Strongly or ²⁷ Somewhat Agree That Health Plan Encourages Adoption of Healthier Lifestyle, by Type of Health Plan, 2005–2006

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 who strongly/somewhat agree



Comprehensive

HDHP

Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.

CDHP



Premium of Selected Plan Compared With Other ²⁸ Available Plans, Among Individuals With Choice of Plans and Those in the Individual Market, by Type of Health Plan

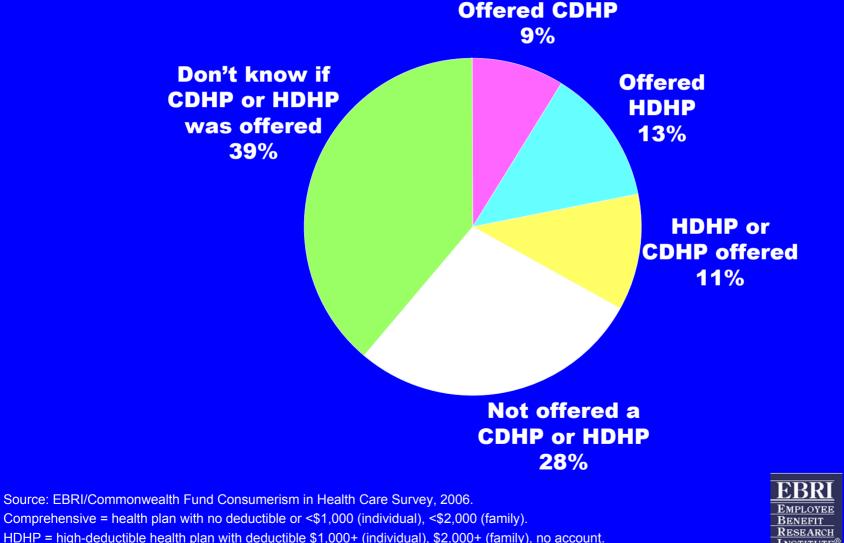
Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 with choice of plan

Comprehensive HDHP CDHP 75 51* 50 32 33 32 33 27 25 16 15 12 12 **9*** 8 6* 6 0 More expensive than More expensive than Less expensive than About the same cost **Don't know** all other plans all other plans some, but less as other plans expensive than others

Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Percent of Individuals With Comprehensive Employment-Based Health Benefits and Choice of Health Plan



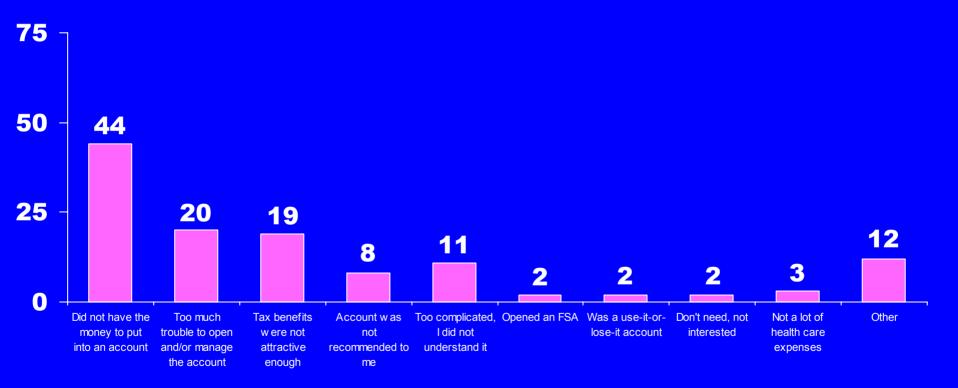
CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account.

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Reasons for Deciding Not to Open a Health Savings Account

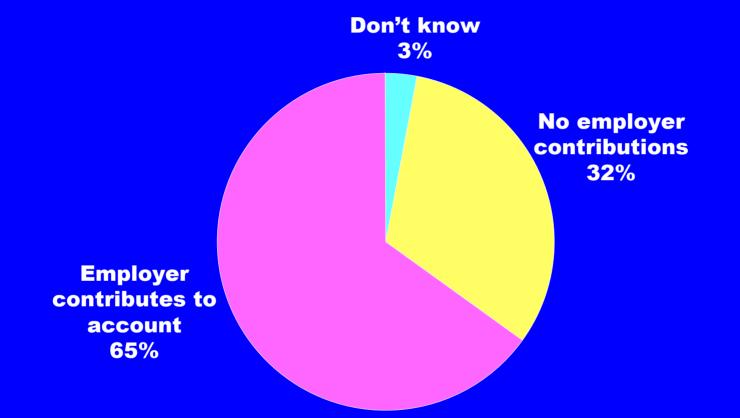
Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 with HDHPs with option to open a health savings account but did not





Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account.

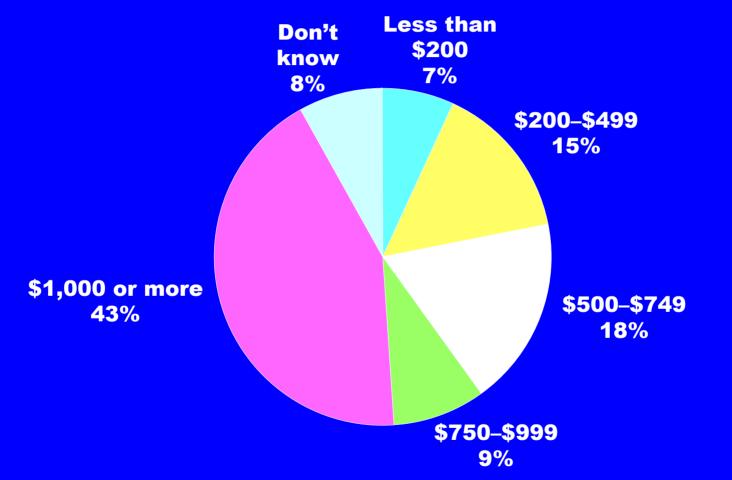
Percent of Individuals With Employer Contribution to Account, Among Persons With Employment-Based Health Benefits and CDHP



EBRI Employee Benefit Research Institute®

Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account.

Annual Employer Contributions to the Account, Among Persons With CDHP Whose Employer Contributes to Account



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account. Note: Both single-person and family plans.



Annual Employer Contributions to the Account, Among Persons With CDHP

Percent of adults 21–64 with CDHPs and employer contributions



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006.

CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between individual coverage and family coverage is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Annual Employee Contributions to the Account, by Household Income, Among Persons With CDHP

Percent of adults 21–64 with CDHPs

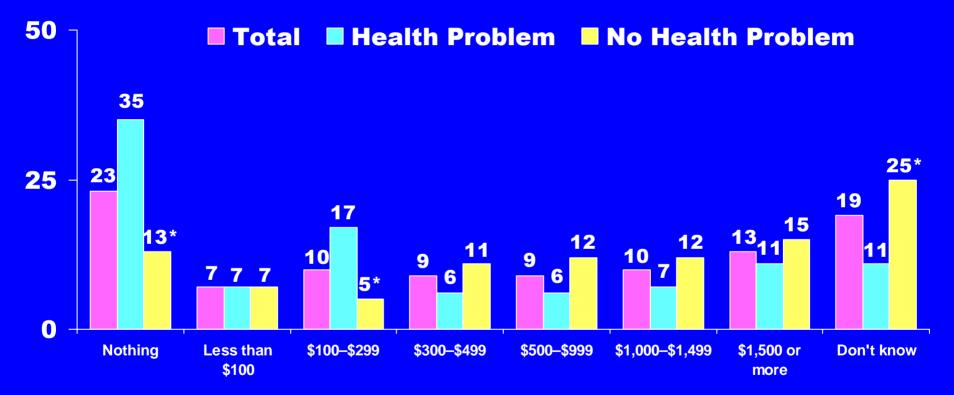


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006.

CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between <50,000 income and 50,000+ income is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better. EBRI Employee Benefit Research INSTITUTE®

Amount of Money Rolled Over in the CDHP, Among Individuals With CDHP One Year or Longer, by Health Status**

Percent of adults 21–64 with CDHP 1 year or more



Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between health status categories is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better. **Health problem defined as fair or poor health or one of eight chronic health conditions. Note: Both single-person and family plans.



Implications of Consumerism For:

- Out-of-pocket costs
- Cost-related health care decisions
- Use of health and preventive care services and chronic condition management
- Availability and use of information on cost and quality of providers



Annual Deductibles, by Type of Health Plan

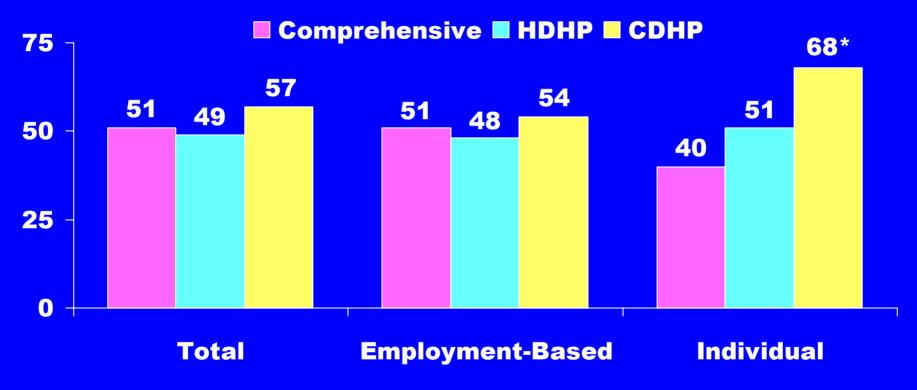
	Comprehensive	HDHP	CDHP
Single Person Deductible			
No deductible	35%	—	—
\$1-\$499	38	—	
\$500-\$999	14	—	<u> </u>
\$1,000–\$1,999	—	60%	48 %
\$2,000–\$4,999	<u> </u>	28	42
\$5,000 or higher	<u> </u>	9	5
Family Deductible			
No deductible	46	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
\$1–\$999	37	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
\$1,000–\$1,999	7	—	<u> </u>
\$2,000–\$4,999	—	78	69
\$5,000 or higher	—	18	29

Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Percent of Adults Whose Deductibles Apply to All Medical Services, by Coverage Source





Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



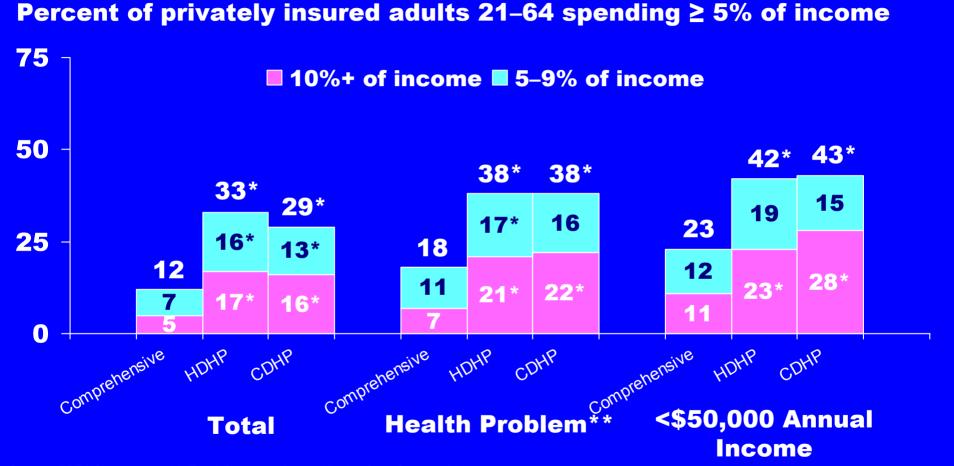
Annual Household Out-of-Pocket Medical Expenses,³⁹ Not Including Premiums, by Type of Health Plan

	Comprehensive	HDHP	CDHP
Nothing	13%	15%	17%
\$1-\$499	28	15*	14*
\$500-\$999	16	13*	12*
\$1,000–\$1,499	11	8	8
\$1,500-\$1,999	6	7	6
\$2,000–\$4,999	11	15	17*
\$5,000 or more	8	23*	22*

Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Percent of Household Income Spent Annually on Out-of-⁴⁰ Pocket Medical Expenses, by Health Status and Income

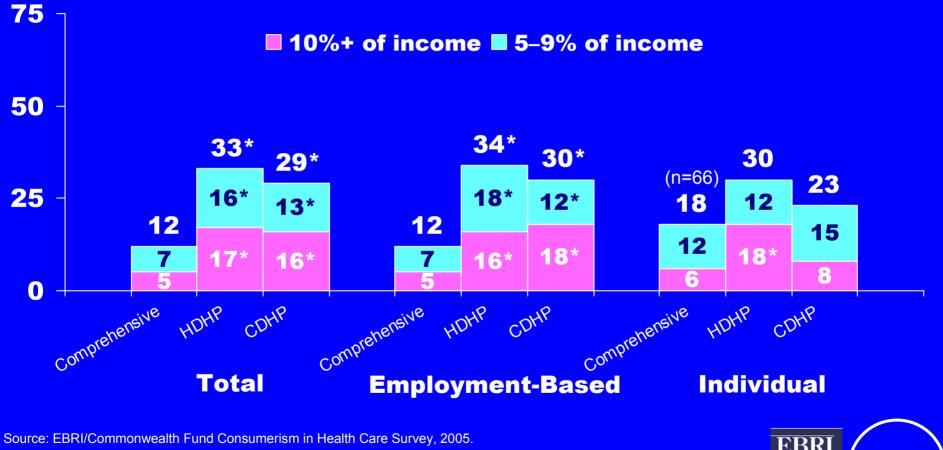


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2005. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p \leq 0.05 or better. **Health problem defined as fair or poor health or one of eight chronic health conditions.



Percent of Household Income Spent Annually on Out-of-Pocket Medical Expenses, by Coverage Source

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 spending ≥ 5% of income



Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family).

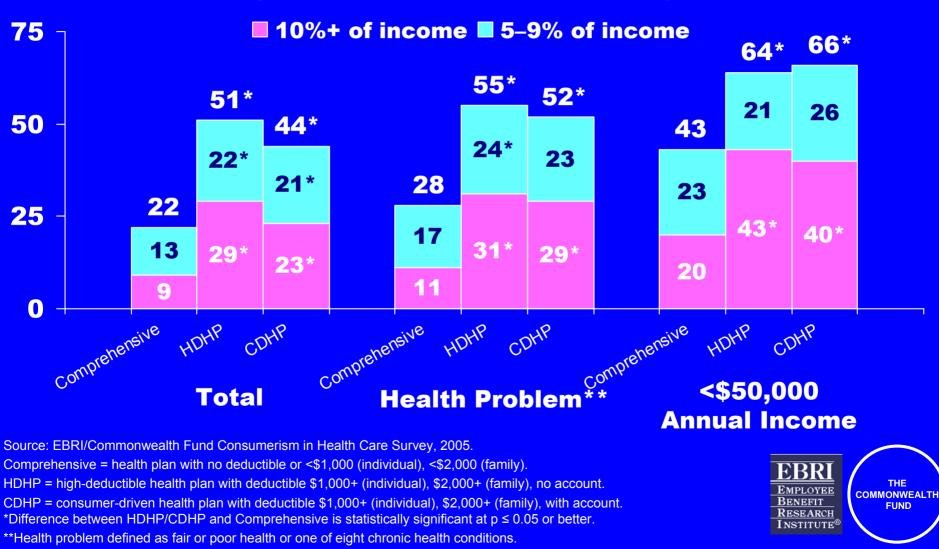
HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account.

CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



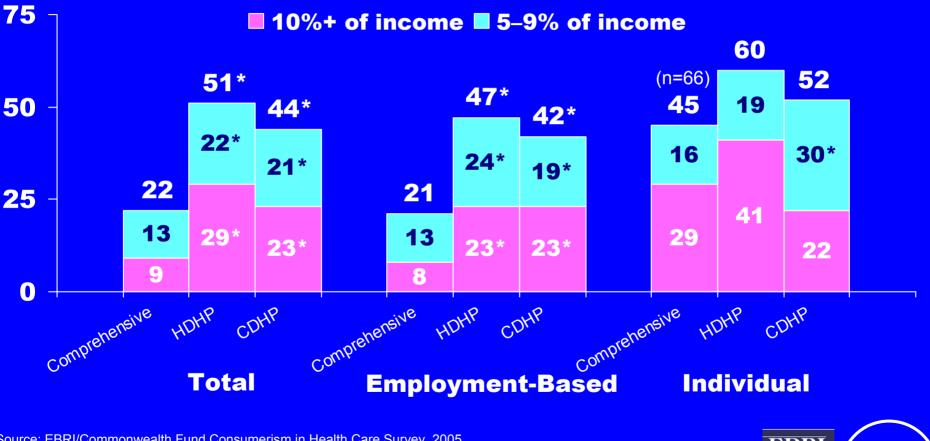
Percent of Household Income Spent Annually on Out-of-Pocket Medical Expenses Plus Premiums, by Health Status and Income

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 spending ≥ 5% of income



Percent of Household Income Spent Annually ⁴³ on Out-of-Pocket Medical Expenses Plus Premiums, by Coverage Source

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 spending ≥ 5% of income

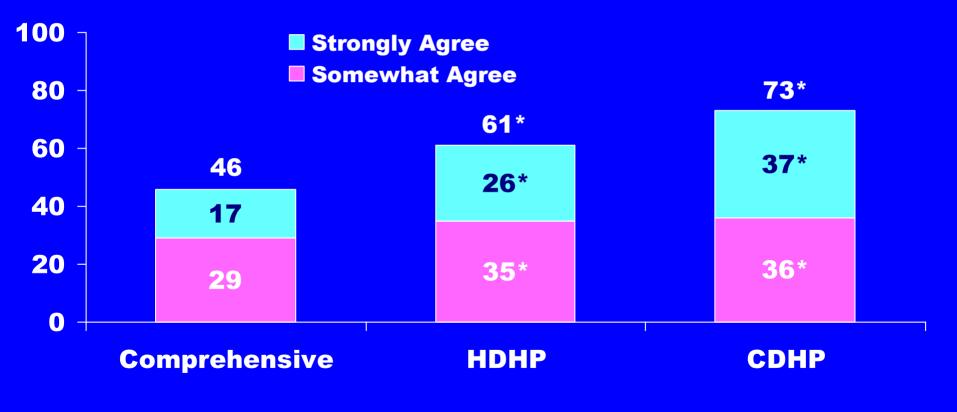


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2005. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



44 Percent of Adults Who Agree That Terms of Coverage Make Them Consider Cost When Deciding to Seek Health Care Services

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64

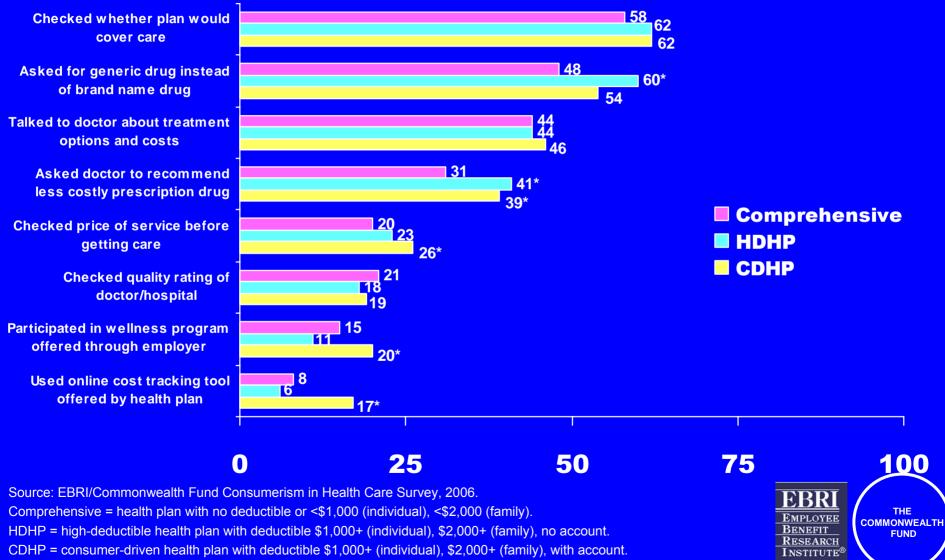


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible 1,000+ (individual), 2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p ≤ 0.05 or better.



Cost-Conscious Decision Making, by Type of Health Plan

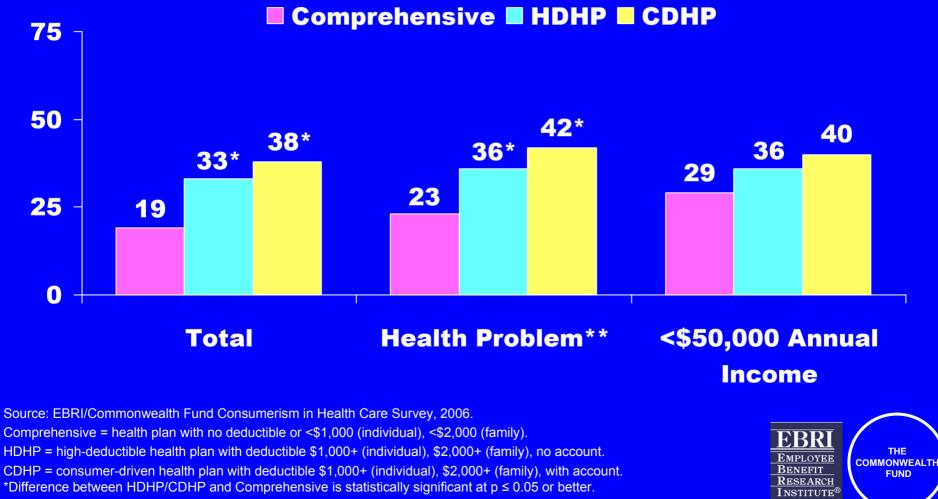
Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 who received health care in last twelve months



*Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

Percent of Adults Who Have Delayed or Avoided Getting Needed Health Care Due to Cost, by Health Status and Income

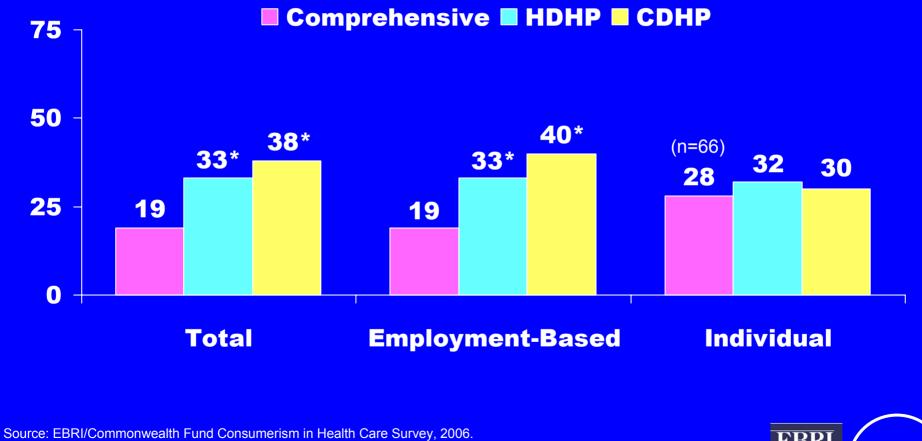
Percent of privately insured adults 21–64



**Health problem defined as fair or poor health or one of eight chronic health conditions.

Percent of Adults Who Have Delayed or Avoided Getting Needed Health Care Due to Cost, by Coverage Source

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64

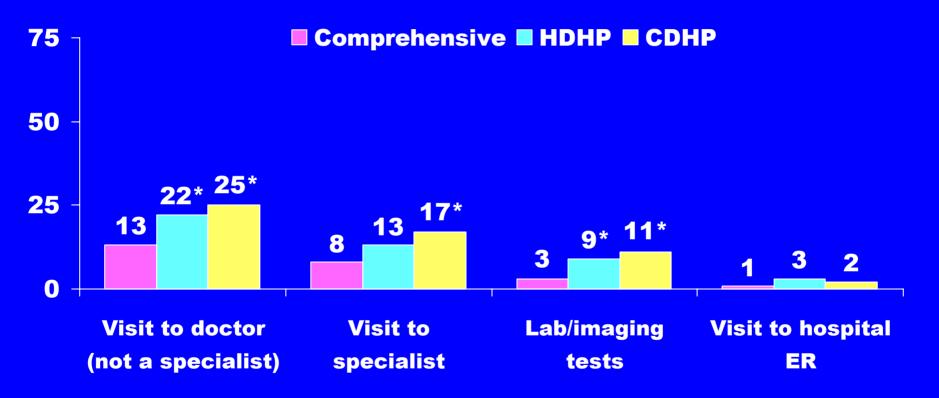


Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p \leq 0.05 or better.



Percent of Adults Who Have Delayed or Avoided Getting Needed Health Care Due to Cost, by Type of Care Delayed

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64

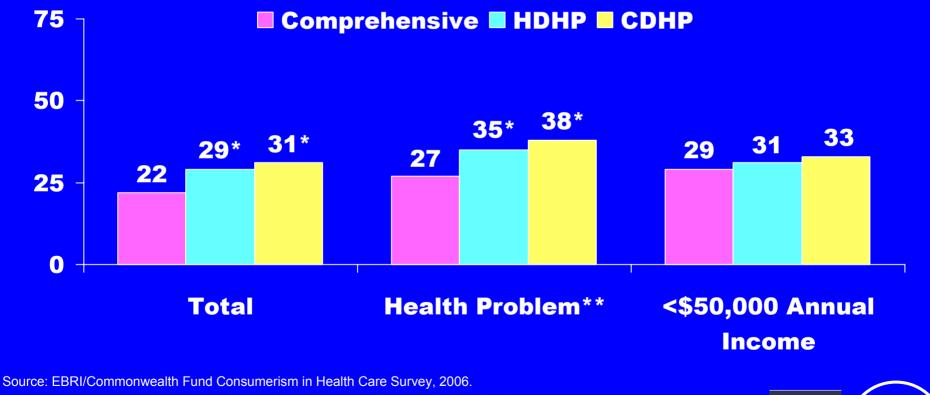


Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), w/ account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p < 0.05 or better.



Percent of Adults Who Have Not Filled a Prescription Dué⁹ to Cost or Who Have Skipped Doses to Make a Medication Last Longer, by Health Status and Income

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64



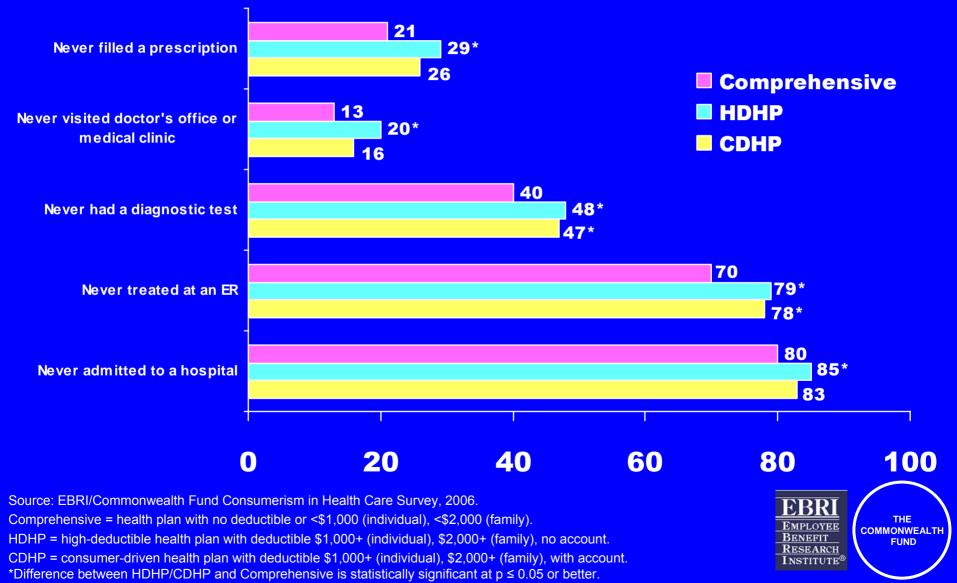
Source: EBRI/Commonwealth Fund Consumerism in Health Care Survey, 2006. Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <1,000 (individual), <2,000 (family). HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account. CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account. *Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at p \leq 0.05 or better. **Health problem defined as fair or poor health or one of eight chronic health conditions.



Medical Service Use, by Type of Health Plan

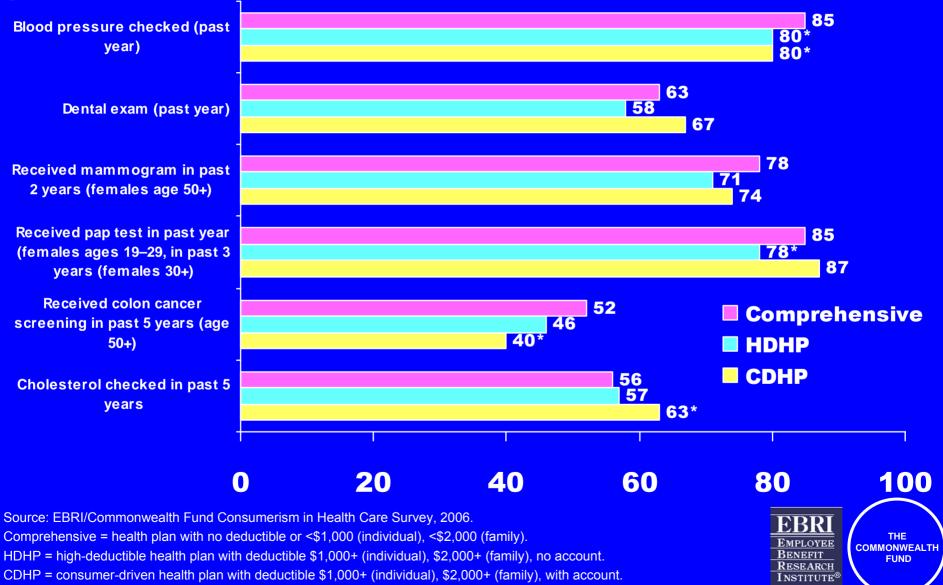
50

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 who NEVER used the following medical services in the past year



Preventive Care, by Type of Health Plan

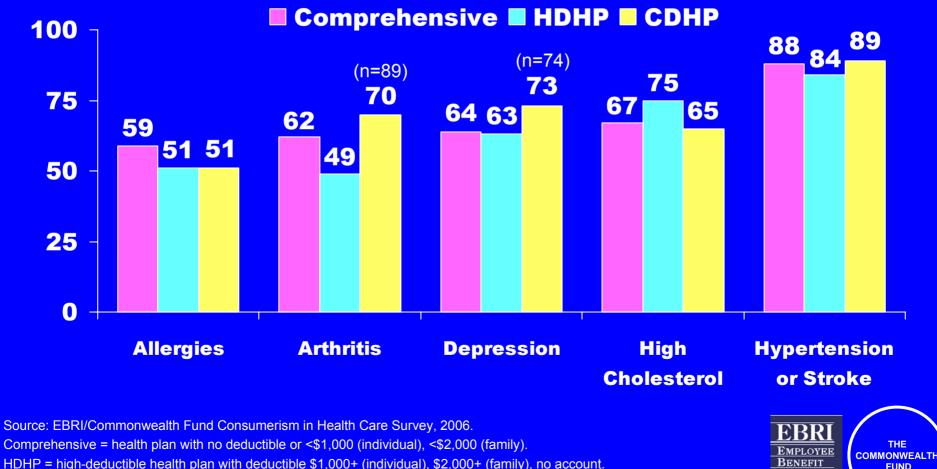
Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 who had the following preventive care



*Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

Following Treatment Regimens for Chronic Diseases

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 with chronic conditions who strongly/somewhat agree that they follow their treatment regimens very carefully



HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account.

CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account.

*Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

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Availability and Use of Quality and Cost Information Provided by Health Plan

	Comprehensive	HDHP	CDHP
Health plan provides information on quality of care provided by:			
Doctors	47%	32 %*	28 %*
Hospitals	46	32*	27*
Health plan provides information on cost of care provided by:			
Doctors	40	27*	22*
Hospitals	40	26*	22*
Of those whose plans provide info on quality, how many tried to use it for:			
Doctors	54	52	47
Hospitals	44	38	36
Of those whose plans provide info on cost, how many tried to use it for:			
Doctors	49	40 *	36*
Hospitals	45	34*	37

Comprehensive = health plan with no deductible or <\$1,000 (individual), <\$2,000 (family).

HDHP = high-deductible health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), no account.

CDHP = consumer-driven health plan with deductible \$1,000+ (individual), \$2,000+ (family), with account.

*Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

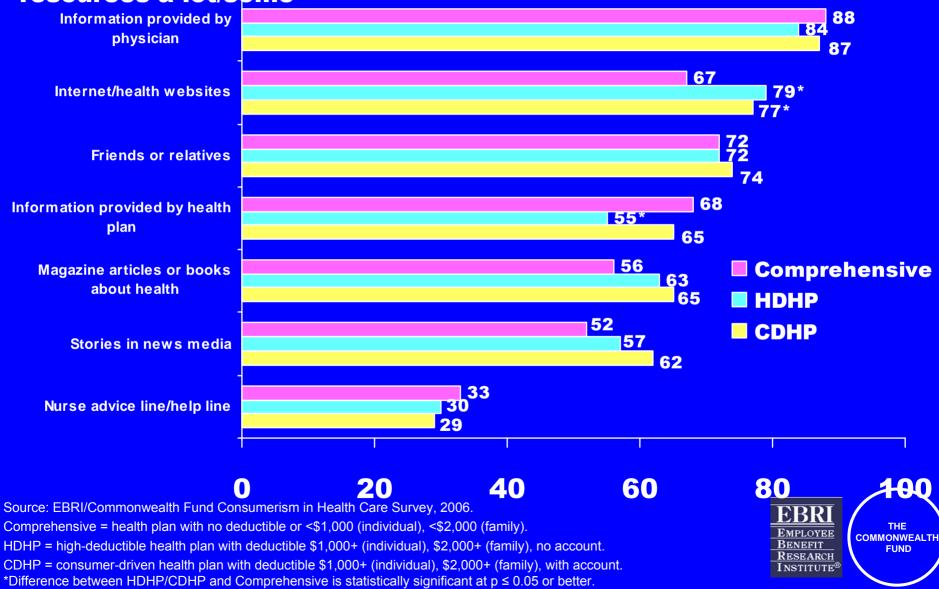
Effort to Find Information on Quality and Cost From Sources ⁵⁴ Other Than Health Plans

	Comprehensive	HDHP	CDHP
Tried to find information from sources other than health plans on quality of care provided by:			
Doctors	33%	36%	31%
Hospitals	26	25	23
Tried to find information from sources other than health plans on cost of care provided by:			
Doctors	23	24	22
Hospitals	20	19	17
Of those who tried to find info on quality, how many found all they needed for:			
Doctors	77	57*	57*
Hospitals	79	64*	65*
Of those who tried to find info on cost, how many found all they needed for:			
Doctors	71	53*	48*
	67	52*	49*

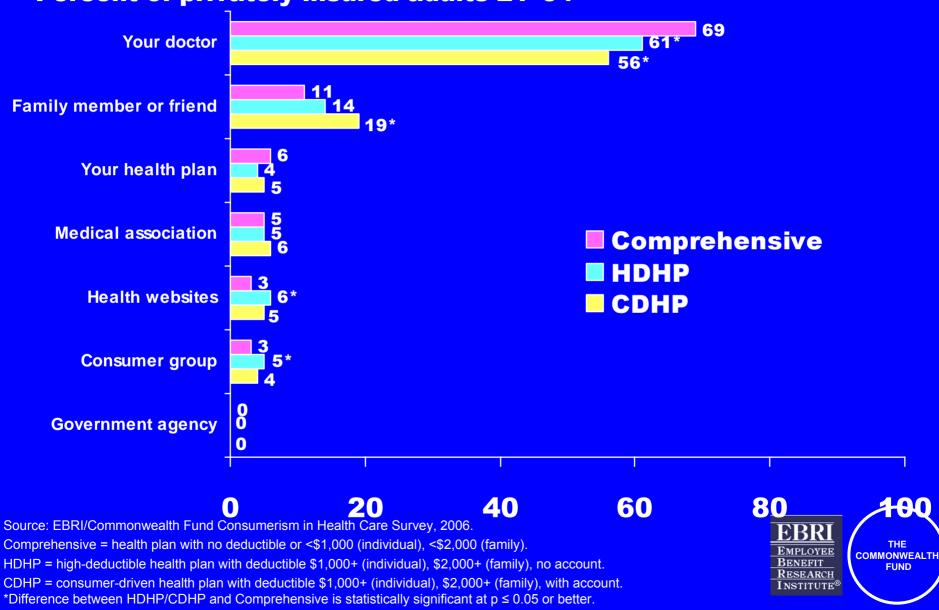
*Difference between HDHP/CDHP and Comprehensive is statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$ or better.

Resources Used for Health Information, by Type of Health Plan

Percent of privately insured adults 21–64 who use the following resources a lot/some



Most Trusted Sources for Information on Health Care Providers, by Type of Health Plan Percent of privately insured adults 21–64



Conclusion

- Compared to 2005, continuing low enrollment in CDHPs and low satisfaction relative to other health plans
- Adults in CDHPs no more likely to have been uninsured prior to enrolling than adults in other plan types
- Vast majority of adults with HDHPs do not have HSAs; primary reason – not enough money for account
- Over half of adults in CDHPs have deductibles that apply to all care, though law allows preventive care exclusion
- High out-of-pocket costs + premiums amount to substantial share of income, especially among adults with lower income or health problems
- Adults in CDHPs report cost-conscious decision making
- They also report higher rates of cost-related delays or avoidance of needed care compared to comprehensive
- But little reported difference in health service use, preventive care, management of chronic conditions
- Adults in CDHPs less likely to have plans that provide information on cost and quality of providers



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